Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND REFORM 2157 RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING WASHINGTON, DC 20515-6143

> MAJORITY (202) 225–5051 MINORITY (202) 225–5074 https://oversight.house.gov

MEMORANDUM

September 27, 2021

To: Members of the Committee on Oversight and Reform

Fr: Committee Staff

Re: Hearing on "A State of Crisis: Examining the Urgent Need to Protect and Expand Abortion Rights and Access in the United States"

On <u>Thursday</u>, <u>September 30</u>, <u>2021</u>, <u>at 10:00 a.m.</u>, the Committee on Oversight and Reform will hold a hybrid hearing in <u>room 2154 of the Rayburn House Office Building and <u>on the Zoom video platform</u> to examine threats to abortion rights and access in the United States. The hearing will also evaluate actions the federal government can take to protect the right to abortion and expand access to abortion care.</u>

I. BACKGROUND

Several state governments are pursuing policies to restrict access to abortion care. These measures include the criminalization of abortion and the imposition of medically unnecessary requirements on patients, clinics, and providers. People of color, people with lower incomes, people in rural communities, and LGBTQ+ people have been disproportionately harmed by these restrictions.¹

On September 1, 2021, Texas's Senate Bill 8 (S.B. 8) took effect after the Supreme Court declined to enjoin the law. S.B. 8 bans abortion after six weeks of pregnancy, before many people even know they are pregnant. The law makes no exceptions for cases of rape, incest, or

¹ Nikita Mhatre, *Abortion Restrictions Hurt Women of Color*, National Partnership for Women and Families (Apr. 15, 2019) (online at www.nationalpartnership.org/our-impact/blog/general/abortion-restrictions-hurt-women-of-color.html); Guttmacher Institute, *Targeted Regulation of Abortion Providers (TRAP) Laws* (Jan. 2020) (online at www.guttmacher.org/evidence-you-can-use/targeted-regulation-abortion-providers-trap-laws); Guttmacher Institute, *Not Up for Debate: LGBTQ People Need and Deserve Tailored Sexual and Reproductive Health Care* (Nov. 2020) (online at www.guttmacher.org/article/2020/11/not-debate-lgbtq-people-need-and-deserve-tailored-sexual-and-reproductive-health).

fetal anomalies. Under S.B. 8, private citizens—including those outside of Texas—can sue abortion providers or any person who aids a patient in getting an abortion after six weeks.²

II. HEARING PURPOSE

The purpose of the hearing is to examine how state actions—such as S.B. 8—undermine a person's constitutional right to abortion and affect the health and economic wellbeing of people in the United States. The hearing will also examine how the federal government can protect and expand abortion rights and access for people seeking care across the United States.

III. WITNESSES

Panel I

The Honorable Cori Bush

Member of Congress, First District of Missouri

The Honorable Barbara Lee

Co-Chair, Congressional Pro-Choice Caucus Member of Congress, 13th District of California

The Honorable Kat Cammack

Member of Congress, Third District of Florida

The Honorable Pramila Jayapal

Member of Congress, Seventh District of Washington

The Honorable Judy Chu

Member of Congress, 27th District of California

Panel II

Ms. Gloria Steinem

Feminist and Social Activist

Ms. Maleeha Aziz

Community Organizer, Texas Equal Access Fund

Dr. Ghazaleh Moayedi

Texas-based OB/GYN

Board Member, Physicians for Reproductive Health

² Center for Reproductive Rights, *Whole Woman's Health et al. v. Jackson et al.* (online at https://reproductiverights.org/case/texas-abortion-ban-whole-womans-health-jackson/) (accessed Sept. 27, 2021).

Dr. Ingrid Skop

Texas-based OB/GYN

Ms. Melissa Murray

Professor of Law, New York University

Ms. Loretta Ross

Co-Founder of the Reproductive Justice Movement Associate Professor of the Study of Women and Gender, Smith College

Staff contacts: Miles Lichtman, Kate Kelly, Christina Parisi, and Max Whitcomb at (202) 225-5051.